

VOLUME II.

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY, AUGUST 20, 5618, (1858.)

NUMBER 28.

Che Wiekly Gleaner,

A PERIODICAL DEVOTED TO
BELIGION, EDUCATION, BIBLICAL AND
JEWISH ANTIQUITIES, LITERATURE
AND GENERAL NEWS.

EDITOR AND PUBLISHERS.

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The Hour of Prayer.
Child, amidst the flowers at play,
While the red light fades away;
Mother, with thine earnest eye
Even following silently;
Father, by the breeze of eve
Called thy harvest-work to leave;
Pray!—ere yet the dark hours be,
Lift the heart and bend the knee!

Traveller, in the stranger's land
Far from thine own household band
Mourner, haunted by the tone
Of a voice from this world gone;
Captive, in whose narrow cell
Sunshine hath not leave to dwell;
Sailor, on the darkening sea—
Lift the heart and bend the knee!

Warrior, that from battle won Breathest now at set of sun! Woman, o'er the lowly slain Weeping on his burial plain: Ye that triumph, ye that sigh, Kindred by one holy tie, Heaven's first star alike ye see— Lift the heart and bend the knee!

Scenes in the Life of an Empress.

BY MRS. S. T. MARTYN.

(Concluded.)

There was weeping and consternation in the splendid apartments of Malmaison, for the gentle mistress who had presided in its walls, and whose smile made the sunshine of its inmates, was lying on the bed of death. An insidious disease had been for days prostrating her system, but with the forgetfulness of self which marked her character, she would not suffer the usual routine of employments and amusements to be intrrupted, until the violence of her disorder had prostrated her to rise no more.

All that skill and affection could devise to prolong a life so precious, was tried in vain; the mandate had gone forth, and nothing could arrest the approach of the king of terrors. But it was not the flattered and envied empress of France that there awaited his coming. A repudiated wife, and exiled queen, Josephine had learned by bitter experience, the vanity and uncertainty of earthly grandeur. She had been compelled by a course of threats, entreaties, arguments, and commands on the part of him to whose wishes her happiness was ever sacrificed, to sign with her own nand an act of separation from the husband so ardently beloved, so tenderly regretted.

She had retired from the glittering circle of which she was the centre, and the chief ornament, and in the comparative solitude of Malmaison, had listened to the thunders of artillery which proclamed the union of Napoleon with her rival, Maria Louisa of Austria.

Through the long agony that preceded the final separation, and the still more trying scenes that followed it, not one word of murmuring or reproach was ever heard from Josephine. "He has willed it, the interests of the French nation require the sacrifice -I have only to obey," was her invariable answer to the indignant remonstrances of the few who dared to oppose the will of the Emperor. Once only, after listening long in silence to the arguments of her husband, she started up with sudden energy, drew Napoleon to the window, and pointing to the heavens, said in a firm but melancholy tone-"Bonaparte, behold that bright star-it is mine! and remember, to mine, not to thine, has sovereignty been promised. Separate, then, our fates, and your star fades!" How truly, and how soon, were these prophetic words fulfilled! The heroic resignation of Josephine, however, concealed from public view, a crushed and bleeding heart. The devoted friends who composed her little court at Malmaison and Navarre, well knew that while ministering in every possible way to their houses and amusement her thoughts happiness and amusement, her thoughts and affections were far away, hovering over those beloved ones whose welfare was dearer to her then her own.

Just before leaving Paris for his disastrous campaign in Russia, Napoleon visited the illustrious recluse of Malmaison, and was received by her in the garden which her taste had converted into a wilderness of sweets." The conversation was animated in the extreme, Josephine in vain endeavoring to dissuade the emperor from his purpose, while he in turn painted in lively colors the certainty of success, and the brilliant results of the enterprize. "How much I regret my inability to do any thing for that fortunate of the earth! was the exclamation of Josephine, as she returned

to the house after his departure. A few short months passed away, and his misfortunes and downfall were a proverb throughout all Europe.

The affectionate heart of Josephine was deeply afflicted by the sad reverses which followed the Russian expedition, and her health, always delicate, declined daily, though she was still gentle, uncomplaining and solicitous only for the comfort of those about her. When the allied Sovereigns entered Paris, their first visit was paid at Malmaison, and nothing could exceed the respectful attention with which the wife of Bonaparte was treated by the kings, who had exiled her husband, and overthrown the dynasty for which she sacrificed so much. The day previous to her death, she was visited by Alexander of Russia, who found, on entering the chamber, her daughter Hortense, Queen of Holland, kneeling by the side of the couch on which the sufferer lay, while her cherished Eugene, Viceroy of Italy, held the hand of his dying mother, both so overwhelmed with grief, as to be insensible of his approach. Josephine alone retained all her calmness and self-possession, and repeatedly thanked Alexander for the kindness she had experienced at his hands. She had a sized hereaft desired his hands. She had raised herself, desired all present to approach the bed, and said quite audibly—"I shall die regretted—for I have always desired the happiness of France, and have done all in my power to contribute to it; and I can say with truth to all here present at my last moments, that the first wife of Napoleon never caused a single tear to flow." These were her last words—almost immediately after, she fell into a slumber from which she awoke only gle tear to flow." in eternity. Her remains were consigned to the grave with great pomp and magnificence, and the long funeral procession was voluntarily closed by more than two thousand poor, who had partaken of her bounty and cherished her memory. The spot where she sleeps is marked by a monument of white marble, representing the empress kneeling in her coronation robes and bears the touching inscription-

EUGENE AND HORTENSE TO JOSEPHINE.

Already in little more than a quarter of a century, the splendid fabric which Napoleon waded through oceans of blood and tears to build up, has crumled to atoms his family is almost extinct, and his very name a sound forgotten in our midst.

But the talents and grace of Josephine her endearing gentleness and feminine virtues will render her an object of interest to the good, when the blood stained records of ambition, and the boasting annals of earthly grandeur shall alike be buried in oblivion.

HUMBER 20

The following is taken from the "Philosophy of Sleep," by Robert Macnish which we copy from "the Spiritual Age."

Premonitions

" Miss M_ -, a young lady, a native of Ross-shire, was deeply in love with an officer who accompanied Sir John Moore in the Peninsular war. The constant danger to which he was exposed, had an evident effect upon her spirits. She became pale and melancholy in perpetually brooding over his fortunes; and in spite of all that reason could do, felt a certain conviction that when she last parted from her lover, she hed parted with him forever. In vain was every scheme tried to dispel from her mind the awful idea; in vain were all the sights which opulence could command, unfolded before her eyes. In the midst of pomp and gayety, when mu-sic and laughter echoed around her, she walked as a pensive phantom, over whose head some dreadful and mysterious influence hung. She was brought by her affectionate parents to Edinburgh, and introduced into all the gayety of the metropolis, but nothing could restore her, or banish from her mind the insupportable load that oppressed it. The song and the dance were tried in vain; they only aggravated her distress, and made the bitterness of despair more poignant. In a surprisingly short period, her graceful form declined into the appalling charac-teristics of a fatal illness; and she seemed rapidly hastening to the grave, when a dream confirmed the horrors she had so long anticipated, and gave the finishing stroke to her sorrows.

One night, after falling asleep, she saw her lover, pale, bloody, and wounded in the breast, enter her apartment. He drew aside the curtains of her bed, and with a look of the utmost mildness, informed her that he had been slain in battle, desiring her at the same time to comfort herself, and not to take his death too seriously at heart. It is needless to say what effect this had upon a mind so replete with woe. It withered it entirely, and the unfortunate girl died a few days after, but not without desiring her parents to note down the day of the month on which it happened, and see if it would be confirmed, as she confidently declared it would. Her anticipation was correct, for accounts were shortly after received that the young man was slain at the battle of Corunna, which was fought on the very day of the night on which his mistress had beheld the vision."

In a woman, an ounce of heart is worth a pound of brain.

Jewish Intelligence.

JERUSALEM .- A well informed friend assures us, that two English missionaries offered Five hundred pounds sterling, an nual salary for life to a distinguished Hebrew scholar of this city, if he would em brace Christianity. The convert should have no other obligations to fulfil, except to profess publicly a Christian creed. How contemptible these men and these

societies are !—Israelite.

Russia.—The policy of the Emperor towards our brethren has been the theme of discussion in many European papers for the last two years. We stated the facts having a bearing on the case and have now to add several highly gratifying edicts. One creates an Israelite of Padolia a Collegienrath; this is a rank of the highest nobility. Several physicians received orders and distinctions, one of Odessa even received the Stanislaus order of the first class, formerly given only to the highest nobility. The military colonies are now entirely open to the Israelites, and no obstacle whatever is in their way to employ in agricultural pursuits. The improvement of schools, the scientific education of rabbis and teachers appear to be the principal desire of the Emperor, as he thinks thus to operate favorably on the mass of the people for their own improvement.—The inducement offering to Hebrew students is indeed so powerful, that we may expect to see in a short time a large number of distinguished scholars among them .- Ib.

LONDON .- The donations at the anniversary dinner of the Westminster Jews Free school, amounted to £680, above

\$3,000.

ANOTHER JEWISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH WARDEN.-We reported in No. 26, the election of a Jewish Church-Warden, for the Parish of St. George Cambwell. The Chronicle of June 4, records another similar election of St. Margarets, (No. 30 Ward.) "The thirty-first of May, is the only day in the year in which the vok populi can be heard, and accordingly, Mr. Bardwell, the architect of Westminister attended at the vestry-room, and intro duced and nominated his friend and neighbour, Mr. Ely, a gentleman of the He brew persuasion—as a "fit and prope person to serve the office of vestryman "for the ensuing three years-a very considerable opposition took place on the part of the old members of the vestry, who wished to bring in Mr. Whateley, the eminent Queen's Counsel; but after several speeches had been made, and lists of names submitted, the majority of the gentlemen present voted for Mr. Ely-a very gratifying decision, as the parishioners will now be convinced that St. Margaret's is no longer a close vestry."*

Spain-Salamanca is as great a benefactor to that lazy peninsular by his enterprise and skill, as his brother Israelite, Mendizabel was, by his bold financial and social ameliorations.

*See another Anamoly in these col-

MONTREAL, (CANADA.) - The corporation of the University of McGill, has conferred on the Rev. A. DeSola, minister of the congregation of Montreal, and professor of Hebrew at the college, the degree of L. L. D. This is the first instance in Canada that such a distinction has been conferred on a co-religionist. Dr. DeSola is the editor of the Hebrew Almanac, tor fifty years, and author of a number of valuable treaties.

THE OATH BILL.-This question having been discussed now for twenty-eight years, it has been brought before our reader; under every aspect hears, and the less he repeat arguments for and against it, the more acceptable of the result of the statement must be to him. And so we state that the question having been taken up on the 1st of July, on which occasion (as the session of May 31) the opposition receded, Lord Derby thought the opposition could not be continued without coming into collision with the House of Commons; it therefore was a duty to settle the differences at last. The proposition of Lord Lucian, that the House of Commons should, on occasion of a Jew presenting himself to take the oath, be allowed to dispense with the words, "on the faith of a Christian," on the former having stated his objections after some debate, was accepted, and the second reading, was carried by 143 to 97.

We shall return to this question when we shall speak about oaths in general.

From the Talmud.

When Æsop, in answer to the question out to him by Chilo, "what God was doing?" said "that he was depressing the proud and exalting the humble," the rely was considered as most admirable. But the same sentiments are to be found in the Midrash, though expressed, as usual with the Jewish writers, in the form of a story: it runs thus: "A matron once asked Rabbi Jose, 'In how many days did God create the world."—'In six days,' replied the rabbi, as it is written. 'In six days God made the heavens and the earth. "- But," continued she, 'what is he doing now ?'--' Oh!' replied the rabbi, he makes ladders on which he causes the poor to ascend, and the rich to descend, or in other words, he exalts the lowly and depresses the haughty." There were discovered on the fragments of an ancient tombstone, Greek words to the following purpose, "I was not, and I became; I am not, but shall be." The same thought is expressed in the following reply of Rabbi Gabiha to a sceptic. A freethinker once said to Rabbi Gabiha, "Ye fools who believe in a resurrection, see ye not that the living die? how then can you be-lieve that the dead shall live?"—"Silly man!" replied Gabiha, "thou believest in a creation—well then, if what never before existed, exist again?"—Sanhedrin.

THE HUMAN FACE.—The Rev. Orville Dewey, in one of his lectures on the Problem of Human Destiny, remarks:

The expression of the face is a beautiful distinction of humanity. We are lit tle aware of the influence which it con-stantly exerts. If the dumb animal, on whom man exercises his cruelty-if the horse or dog, when suffering by a blow from the violence of man-could turn upon him with a look of indignation or ap peal, could any one resist the power of the mute expostulation? How extraors dinary, too, the difference of expression in the human face, by which the recognition of personal identity is secured! On this small surface, nine inches by six, are depicted such various traits, that among the millions of inhabitants on the earth, no two have the same lineaments of the face. What dire confusion would ensue, if all countenances were alike; if fathers did not know their own children by sight, nor husbands their wives! But now, we could pick out our friend from among the multitudes of the assembled universe.

FRANKFORT ON THE-MAINE. - Miss Margaretha Zirndorfer is the name of a young Jewess who is now the favorite of the opera. The "Didaskalia" consider her one of the first on the German stage.

Our Charities

Whatever may have been the intrinsic fault of Jewish theology during the middle ages, the charitable feelings and the religious impressions it produced cannot be denied. As the religion of those days fused itself into material and substantial bodily forms—their religious ideas all em bodied themselves in ceremonies -so was their charity solid and substantial; and towards their own co-religionists, almost unbounded. Our modern, more rational, hence cold, and calculating religious views, have in regard to charity, as in the religious sentiment, tended to negatives, we are obliged to call into operation whole bodies of men, we are obliged to create societies, to do what formerly individuals have done. And with few exceptions, a body of men of means united, do not spend so much in acts of benevolence, as did once one good man; it requires now all the shepherds assembled together to move the stone which formerly the hand of one Patriarch rolled from the covered well.

The beneficence of R. Shelomoh Hallevi extended over all Spain, and in more recent times, we read in Zemach David about R. Meisel, of Prague, of charities that must put us to the blush. Of the same Meisel, we read in a little book called "the Jew," the following notice:

"In the Jews' cemetery, at Prague, a tomb is pointed out, erected in the last century to the memory of a wealthy and benevolent Israelite. Misel, for that was the name he bore, had no inheritance from his father; he lived in the same modest and parsimonious manner as the majority of his nation, and continued till death to be a dealer in old iron. But he built the Jewish Council House at Prague, erected four Synagogues, paved six streets, and fed every day sixty poor people. Truly did Meissel's old iron yield greater satisfaction to himself, than all the silver and gold, houses and lands, of many a wealthy possessor, who calls himself a Chris-

But such men are not rare to this day in countries into which modern civilization as we call it, has not penetrated. There are numbers of men in this country, from almost every old fashioned Congregation of Europe, who know such men in their village or city at home. They abound in Russia; and could our Russian Jews write and express their ideas in any European language, and publish a book on this subject, it would prove a highly interesting and suggestive production. (But we must not forget to state that Greek Cathologism produces similar characters among Russian christians, as we are in formed.)

But who, in a country, where selfishness and materialism possesses legions of legions of evil spirits, will believe what we have to state of the beggar of Hamburg, who would beg in the streets to support respectable families who could not beg at their homes. There died about 1848 man in Hamburg of the name of Maker, he was always dressed in rags, he begged his bread in the streets till his death happened that about the same time some very respectable families made application to the Congregation for support. Hamburg is reported to be one of the most charitable Con gregations. While the board was ready to tender the solicited relief, one of its members could not help expressing his surprise at the fact that such

families should be obliged to have recourse to the Congregation; upon which it was found that Maker's death deprived them of their supporter. Maker would beg in order to keep others from becoming beggars.

As with individuals, so it was with societies. And in countries where the former religions regime, has still hold on the affections, the societies show to this day, the power of the religious sentiment in man. What shall we say if the expenditure of one benevolent society of Vienna, last year, was 28,000 florins. What shall we think if we hear (Asmonean, Aug. 17. 1855,) that the Jews of Algeria, in a country where a franc will go so far, maintain about 400 poor at an annual expense of 60,000 francs. We therefore need not wonder, that whatever faults medieveal Christians have found with Jews, they never accused them of want of brotherly love.

THE ASMONEAN.—The first Weekly de voted to Jewish interests in the U.S., started by the late Robert Lyons in 1849, of New York, has ceased to appear. We regret that the Jewish public did not afford the widow that support which her circumstances ought to have called forth. For had the profits been tangible, some suc cessor would willingly have undertaken the task. In the valedictory, the widew of the late editor states, that she hopes that the negotiations which then were pending, will result in the re appearance of the periodical with improvements that will indemnify the subscriber for the delay; so that there seems, after all, to exist the prospect of its re-appearance.

We here may mention, that in response to an advertisement in the "Asmonean," we offered to take charge of the publication, if the prospects were at all inviting. But we regret, that though we could have had an answer two months ago, we received no reply to this day; which we can only ascribe to the miscarriage of either our letters, or the answer.

SHORT SERMONS.—It was well answered by Archbishop Tillotson, when King William III. complained of the shortness of his sermon, "Sire," said the Archbishop, "could I have bestowed more time upon it, it would not have been so long."

THE PACIFIC MEDICAL AND SURGICAL JOURNAL.—The eighth number of this Scientific Journal is before us, and cor tains, as usual, a number of selections communications and editorials, that must prove very interesting to the faculty.

NUREMBERG.—Some thirty years ago, not a single Jew was tolerated in this ancient city. At present, thirty Jewish families live there who have formed themselves into a congregation, and opened s school for the instruction of their youth They have, however, no rabbi, recogniz ing as such the rabbi of the neighboring Furth.

REVENCE.-A person being asked why he had given his daughter in marriage to a man with whom he was at enmity, answered, "I did it out of pure revenge."

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N. B. Thankful for the patronage of the past she hopes, by her endeavors and attention to the comfort of her Boarders to merit a continuance for the future.

marlg.tf

MRS. STODOLE.

steckler's Exchange. 66 Sansome_street, between California and Pine,

Private Boarding.

The Proprietor begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has recently opened the above House, and renovated the same throughout. No pains will be spared to render this Establishment a complete home to those who will honor him with the r patronage.

Mr. S. and Lady being well known, there is no need for c mments as to the domestic comfort of the Boarders being invariably considered. 19.feb G3m

F. L. LAUENSTEIN

SAULMANN'S

-{ COFFEE SALOON, } -GERMAN BAKERY, AND CONFECTIONARY,

Armory Hall Building, No. 128 Monigomery Street, corner of Sacramento,
SAN FRANCISCO.

AGENCY FOR RUSSIAN CAVIAR

GROCERIES. Two undersigned has this day associated with him Mr. THOMAS TAYLOR, and will continue the wholesale WINE AND LIQUOR business at the OLD STAND, and under the old firm.

J. C. FRISH, 119 Clay street, between Sansome and Battery.

I. G. Frish

Thomas Taylor

I. G. FRISH, WHOLESALE DEALER IN WINES & ENQUORS. No. 109 CLAY STREET.

Would respectfully call the attention of country dealers, messes, and families to his fine and well selected stock of the above articles at reasonable prices, and in lots to suit.

Always on hand THE CELEBRATED SWISS STOMACH BITTERS. HAMBURG KUEMMEL. HAMBURG PUNCH-EXTRACT, and a great variety of SYRUPS & CORDIALS.

1 j11-3m.

FIGEL & BRO.'S WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CLOTHING HOUSE,

191 Clay Street.

Prices Reduced!

SHIRTS, Collars, Cravats, Scarfs, Hosiery of all kinds, Merino, Silk, and Shaker Flannel Undershirts and Drawers, Carpet Bags, Trunks, Valises, &c. &c. &c.

BOYS' CLOTHING Of every description, and in the latest styles. -ALSO+

Boys' SHIRTS AND CAPS.

BRANCH-Empire Block, Marysville., S FIGEL, 75, Pine Street,

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Che Weekly Gleaner,

FRIDAY, AUGUST 20, 1858, (5618.)

No. III.

Jews no Agriculturists.

As long as it is an acknowledged fact that Jews have been, and are useful inhabitants of the countries which they inhabited and inhabit—if they have been, and are great contributors to the welfare and wealth of the nations among whom they dwelled—if they were and are great promoters of the arts and sciences, we cannot think it derogatory that they did not follow a pursuit which they either were prohibited pursuing, and which, if they did pursue, could only tend to their own disadvantage, without rendering that benefit to the State, which they did, in following other calling.

Jews could not follow agricultural pursuits as long as the governments would not allow them territorial possessions. In 1785, and not before, they got the permission to purchase ground in Gallicia but Austrian policy being vaccilating, to this day, the Austrian law on this subject,

is undecided. But there was another drawback; the religious economy to which Jews thought themselves obliged to adhere, was an obstacle in their way to make of them use ful and thrifty farmers, while it would allow them to be excellent (mechanics,) physicians and merchants. In 1789, the Austrian government offered a grant to 1410 families to settle as farmers; 800 gave their names, of these only, 150 did actually become farmers; the others, merely adopted the name with a view to be granted the privilege of living in the country. And when 1804, government ex pressed its surprise at the result, there being but few farmers, the Rabbies, very correctly replied that religious ground prevented them from competing with the Gallician peasant: they could not yoke animals of a different species together, as they believed the law, "thou shalt not plough with the ox and the ass together," Deut. 22:10, still binding; he could not use the first born of his cattle, Exodus 13:12; could keep no swine; could not use the fruits of his trees for the first three years, Lev. 19:23; could not work on his Christian holidays; had to keep separate vessels for milk and meat food; durst have no leaven in his house on passover, etc., Exodus, 12. What is here stated a obstacles for the Jews of Gallicia, applies to them in general, in countries where they think themselves obliged to observe their laws. This, therefore, fully accounts for Jews not applying themselves to agri. culture, to an extent otherwise desirable.

However, they are agriculturists, and on a comparatively large scale, considering times and circumstances.

In Gallicia, there were about twelve years ago, 160 agricultural families. (Josts Neuere Geschichle, Vol. II p. 382.) In the early part of this century, Russia promised (and gave) privileges to Jews who would devote themselves to agriculture. A number of families gladly left trade and a city life and settled in the

country. The number was considerable: they laid out whole villages, peopled by Jewish peasants: they gave these villages Hebrew names, and had an organization quite national among themselves. (See Jost. Vol. 9.)

In Luthania, in Fowalk, and other places, Jews are excellent horticulturists on a very extensive scale. They are strict observers of their laws; still industrious workmen in their gardens.

In the last "Wertheimer's Jahrbuch," the editor gives a full account of Jewish agriculturists in Austria, from which we learn that in Austria even the number of Jewish farmers is quite appreciable. In Silesia, and other parts of Prussia, Jewish farmers exist sporadically; but Jewish landholders, of very extensive estates in considerable numbers. In Russian Poland, they then only are allowed to purchase land, if the purchaser is able to colonize twenty-five families at his own expense. And though this and other re strictive formalities in the purchase of grounds, renders the latter but the privilege of a fortunate few; still, the last statistics of that country, quote 88 Jewish gardners; 14 shepherds; 4,248 owners of houses with agricultural soil, 5,759 farmers: 85 owners of, and 143 who rent estates; 1,954 colonists; 1,189 farmers on a smaller scale; 8,563 agricultural male laborers for hire, and 3,275 females. These added, gives in Russian Poland, alone, 28,391 farmers, a rather high number in itself, which we are able to increase to quite an amount, by adding (103,342,) one hundred, three thousand three hundred and forty-two owners of houses in cities, to which belong, gardens and private grounds.

Going more south, we hear from the Adriatic sea, that they, with their known energy and enterprising spirit, redeem considerable tracts of land from the water.

We copy the following from the Jewish Messenger, Vol. II No. 5.

"The enterprise of Messrs. Sullam & Ravenna excites great admiration. They, two co-religionists have converted quite uncultivated, unhealty tracts of land along the beach of the Adriatic Sea into flourishing, fruitful fields. The grand system of drainage, irrigation, and cultivation, as well as the erection of numerous and most convenient cottages for the laborers and overseers, has called into existence a new and happy population."

Thus far from Europe, we now cross the Mediterranean, and go to Africa.

(To be continued.)

Another Anomaly.

JEWISH CHRISTIAN CHURCH WARDEN.

II

It must, by this time, be fully apparent to our readers, and it is known to those who know us personally, that our views is not by sectarian prejudices; that we religiously respect the religious element in men under what soever system, or form it manifest itself. We are fully aware that different national idiosyncrasis, different grades of civilisation will try to express their religious impressions under different forms; they will fuse their minds into the different objects around them and adopt different theologies and different modes of worship. And experience

shows us that just that system which has the most adherers, which is the most popular-i. e. the most orthodox-is, among eve ry denomination, the most erroneous, and the most corrupt; as also, on the other side, what is least popular i. e the most liberal, is least efficacious and most negative-It is here also the golden mean. that comes uearer to truth.-Hence we oppugn no system as a system, and whenever we have occasion to point out the opinion of some erroneous system or other that to which ourself belong not excluded,-it is not with a view to offend, but to correct—to improve, but not (directly) to convert. We thus allow every system its religious basis, and it affords us great satisfaction to see most of them founded on principles calculated to lead men to goodness, happiness and bliss. But the best principles will prove inefficient, if those who know them, are inconsistent and do not act up to their principles;

We think it would be a denial of principle in India, where Budaism and Christianity co-exist, for the Budaist to call the Christian, or for the Christian to call the Budaist to administer his church. They, by such an act, either would tell that they have more confidence in those without, admit their mental or moral superiority, or that they from less pure motives court their countenance and support.

And why should we not blame a simi-

lar misdemeanor in the episcopalian christian church in England?

Strange that a church of the metropolis of Britain cannot find among its own members and creed a Church warden, that they must have recourse to Jews. We again state, we question the purity, both of the electors and the elected. Well may a college or a university indiscriminately elect its teachers from the different creeds; for learning is not sectarian, and the followers of one creed may indeed

often excel those of another. But in the choice of the Church warden, to discharge the duties of which it requires nothing but common sense and purity of intentions, the christian church which passess its members and goes to the Synagogue for a warden, reflects very discreditably on herself. It would be ridiculous if a number of members of a Jewish Synagogue, at a meeting for the election of two wardens, or perhaps of one for if we are not mistaken, the Episco. pal church is administered by two wardens, of whom one is elected by the church and the other, by the minister,-we say it would be ridiculous if those assembled would leave the Synagogue and its members, and run to the church, and there pick out a warden for the Synagogue. Such a choice in the Jew would be very questionable; it is not less so in the Christian. It is not the Jewish intellect that they look out for, nor is it his moral superiority which they have occasion to call in aid to an orphaned church; for, as far as we see, the church members are not a congregation of idiots, nor are the Jews which they called in, Aristotles, Socrates, or Aristydes, there are stars of unknown magnitudes. There are generally other motives at the bottom. We are far from wishing to reflect upon the electors of St. Margaret, of London; we do not know them; nor have we right to blame the

less objectionable agent, the elected, as he likewise is quite a stranger to us, we never saw the names of the individuals elected among the proper the heads of our people.

But we question the purity of the agents. The architect, in the case of St. Margaret's church, may want the Jewish patronage, or the church, his money.

For again we repeat, the party elected is not the first among his own, and so it is not moral or intellectual prominence but mere popularity that puts the cap of the church on the head of the Jew. We say mere popularity calls him in, and popularity, awful and treacherous termfrom the days of its very first representative-not in an Abraham, Moses, Samuel, Isaiah, Jeremiah, Jesus, Stephen, So crates, Aristides; nay, popularity from its first representative, Nimrod-he was the first of whom history says, "he began to be a mighty one (influential, popular,) on earth; he was a mighty hunter,-Genesis x8:10, from his time to this, popularity, generally, is based upon imbecility, hypocricy, or tyranny. And we question that popularity which calls the Jew to rule the Church of Christ. We know many such liberal minded Jews! who do not care about spending hundreds at places of resort, at ball, and assembly rooms. We know many, who delight to be seen partaking of insipid unintellectual pleasures, as riding, racing, and roaming through the streets, and who pay dearly for being thought fools by the wise, and clever by fools; we know many such popular favorites who, as the proverb says, are "Angels abroad and Satans at home," who would not mind signing hun dreds for a christian charity, or even the building of a church, while they neglec their own needy, and spurn their own poor, who harden their hearts against the cry of the poor, clasp their hands against the want of distress, and bury the bread of the poor among the stones of the rich. Oh! cowardly magnanimity; miserable liberality; treacherous popularity.

CITY COLLECTIONS.—The monthly collections in this city always fall due after the edition of such numbers that can be divided by Four, without any fraction remaining, i. e. 4, 8, 12, 16. We shall hereafter give notice when the collection

JUDAISM AND ITS SECTS, BY DR. JOST.— The second volume of this valuable work, extending from the rise of Mahometanism to the death of Maimonidas, has appeared lately.

Information Wanted.

Mr. L. Ries, formerly of San Andreas, will oblige us to let to let us know his address. "Address "Gleaner," San Francisco.

Should any of our readers in this country, or in the Atlantic States, know the birth-place, or any relations of Mr. Louis Vane, they would oblige us by giving us information about him.

FALE STOCK—LATEST IMPORTATIONS.— Hugh & Wallace, Sacramento street, 105 and 107, have a choice assortment of the latest imported goods to dispose of.

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The Electrical Eel.

M. Humboldt, while at Calaboza, made a series of highly satisfactory experiments on the electrical eel. They inhabit the South American rivers, and are at once dreaded and detested by the natives. The muscular part of the flesh is tolera bly good eating, but the electric organ, which fills more than two-thirds of the body, is slimy and disagreeable. They are the terror of all the fish in the South American rivers, which they kill by the electric shock when coming near them. They kill many more than they devour; and all the inhabitants of the waters, lizards, frogs, and tortoises, dread them and endeavor to escape from their society.

M. Humboldt repaired to a river where they abound, and where the Indians offered their services in fishing for them with horses. Having caught about thirty wild horses and mules, they forced them to enter the pool. "The extraordinary noise caused by the horses' hoofs, makes the fish issue from the mud, and excites them to combat. These yellowish and livid eels, resembling large aquatic serpents, swim on the surface of the water, and crowd under the bellies of the horses and mules. A contest between animals of so different an organization, furnishes a very striking spectacle. During a long time they seem to prove victorious. Several horses sink beneath the violence of the invisible strokes which they receive from all sides in the organs most essential to life; and stunned by the force and frequency of the shocks, they disappear under the water. Others panting, with mane erect and haggard eyes, expressing anguish, raise themselves, and endeavour to flee from the storm by which they are overtaken. They are driven back by the Indians into the water; but a small number succeeded in eluding the active vigi-lance of the fishermen. These regain the shore, stumbling at every step, and stretch themselves on the sand, exhausted with fatigue, and their limbs benumbed by the electric shocks of the gymnoti.

"In less than five minutes, two horses were drowned. The eel, being five feet long, and pressing itself against the belly of the horses, makes a discharge along the whole extent of its electric organ. It attacks at once the heart, the intestines, and the plexus caliacus of the abdominal nerves. It is natural, that the effect felt by the horses should be more powerful than that produced by man by the touch of the same fish at only one of his extremities. The horses are probably not killed, but only stunned. They are drowned from the impossibility of rising amid the prolonged struggle between the other

horses and the eels.

"We have little doubt that the fishing would terminate by killing successively all the animals engaged; but, by degrees, the impetuosity of this unequal combat diminished, and the wearied gymnoti dispersed. They require a long rest and abundant nourishment, to repair what they have lost of galvanic force. The gymnoti which they discharged after the combat, approach timidly the edge of the marsh, where they are taken by means of small harpoons fastened to long cords. When the cords are very dry, the Indians feel no shock in raising the fish into the air.

"It would be temerity to expose our-selves to the first shocks of a very large and strongly irrigated gymnotus. If by chance you receive a stroke before the fish is wounded, or wearied by a long pursuit, the pain and numbness are so violent, that it is impossible to describe the nature of the feeling they excite. I do ever received from not remember havin the discharge of a large Leyden jar, a more dreadful shock than that which I experienced by imprudently placing both my feet on a gymnotus just taken out of the water. I was effected the rest of the day with a violent pain in the knees, and in almost every joint.

The electric action of the fish depends ty of speaking their minds.

entirely upon its will; whether because it does not keep its electric organs always charged, or by the secretion of some fluid, or by any other means alike mysterious to us, it is capable of directing the action of its organs to an external object. We often tried, both insulated and uninsulated, to touch the fish, without feeling the least shock. When M. Boupland held it by the head, or by the middle of the body, while I held it by the tail, and, standing on the moist ground, did not take each other's hand, one of us received shocks, which the other did not feel. It depends upon the gymnotus to act toward the point where it finds itself the most strongly irritated. The discharge is then made at one point only, and not at the neighbouring points. If two persons touch the belly of the fish with their fingers, at an inch distance, and press it simultaneously, sometimes one, sometimes the other, will receive the shock."

Account of the Fraternity of pretty gentlemen.

They do not indeed consume their hours in such points of vain speculation, wherein the pride of reason and learning has room to operate. And indeed there is something in the drudgery of masculine knowledge by no means adapted to youths, of so nice a frame, that it cannot be said, they are ever invigorated with perfect health. The enfeebled tone of their organs and spirits does therefore naturally dispose them to the softer and more refined studies; furniture, equipage, dress, the tiring-room and the toy-shop.—What a fund is here for study! and what a variety of easy delights, recreations and pastimes! or, if the mind is bent upon manual exercise, the knotting-bag is ready at hand! and their skillful fingers play their part. Notwithstanding the ridicule which is

thrown upon this part of the character, it appears to me, rather to merit our applause, than to provoke our laughter.— With what satisfaction have I beheld five or six of these elegant youths interspersed with an equal number of ladies, almost as delicate as themselves, and vying with them in their own accomplishments! rous ed by the ardour of emulation, they work for glory, and assert the prize of feminine merit. With equal skill the practised fingers apply the needle, and rejoin the lace; with equal facility they convey the gliding shuttle through the opening thread, and form the various knots. Pretty innocents! how virtuously, how usefully are their hours employed! not in the wrangling squabbles of the bar, or the unmannerly contentions of the senate; not in the robust sports of the field, or in a toilsome application of ungentleman-like science; but in the pretty fancies of dress; in criticisms upon fashions, in the artful disposition of China jars, and other foreign trinkets; in sowing and knitting garters, in Knotting of fringe, and every gentle exercise of feminine economy.

If from their studies we turn our attention to their conversation, we must be convinced, that in this respect likewise they are so far from meriting contempt, that nothing in the world can be more refined, or more engaging. It is an established maxim in this school of manners, never to oppose the sentiments of the company. Every gentleman assents to every thing that is said. Sometimes indeed, you may hear what appears as first like a difference of judgment ; but have a leetle very leetle patience, and you will find, it is only the genteel interchange of sentiments: for Flagitius Weakheadius will go over to the opinion of Flirtius Garrulus rather than be so rude to contradict him; and Hypocritius Popularius will allew his friend to be in the right, rather, than to be thought so ill-bred as to give up such a trifle as his own judgment.

Whereas your unrectified spirits are eternally insisting upon the natural right of maintaining their opinions, and the liber-

The liberty of speaking your mind! a pret ty assertion truly ! I know not what arguments may be drawn in favour of it, fromthe musty precepts of antiquated sages, but I am certain that good-breeding absolutely disallows it, neither indeed is it reconcilable with common sense and discretion; for he, who disapproves my senti-ments, does in effect, tell me I am a fool. Consequently, let him talk ever so well, and reason (as you call it) ever so justly he is shure to give offence, whilst the yiel-ding companion, the well-bred assenter, never fails to conciliate favour, for there is not a more engaging compliment to the understanding, than to sacrifice your own vanity to that of another.

A pretty popular gentleman therefore scarce ever dissents. He will indeed some times say "Oh! pard'n me, mi dear! I ke'n't "possibly be of that opinion!" but then this is only a polite artifice, that he may flatter your judgment with a finer address, when he afterwards suffers himself to be convinced by your superior reasoning. To give him his due, he has no atachment to any one opinion in the world.

but that of preserving the good-breeding. In all other cases, he has an assent en-tirely at your service and you cannot change sides oftener, that this most obsequious humble servant will follow you.

A transgression of decorum is indeed so shocking to his nature, that he cannot let it pass without correction, but then it

is always inflicted with a gentle hand.

It has been observed (but I don't remember by what author) that there are two kinds of conversation; the one, close and continued; the other loose and unconnected. The first was practised amongst us while the enemies of elegance prevailed: but now the latter has deservedly gained the ascendant, as it is perfectly suited to the turn and cast of our polite assemblies of every denomination.

Subsidiary Subscription.—We give the following list of names of the gentlemen who have engaged to pay a monthly sub-scription towards the support of the "Glenner." We hope, by the next is-sue, to see the number increased by additional names from this city and the country.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

We, the undersigned, agree to pay the amount affixed to our names as a monthly subscription for the purpose of sustaining the "Weekly Gleiner," for the period of twelve months, payable three months in advance.

M. B. Ashim. Jos. Simpson, Henry Seligman, A. Wasserman, Aug. Helbing, L. Cahn, T. Dinkelspiel, A. Godchaauxe, H. Levy, Simon & Bohm, Levy Strauss, A. Tandler, L. Tichner, Seixes Solomon.

OUR SIGNATURE.

L. King, Jacob Rich, S.T.Mayer & Co. Wormser Bro., Lazard Freres, Berwin & King, A. P. Crame, Unger, Wolf & co. M. Livingstone, David Stern, Mr. R. J. Mr. M. Selig.

No party in this city is authorized to sign for us; and only bills signed by our own hand writing of which we see ourself obliged again to give an autograph (already given in No. 28, June 24th,) will be acknowledged.

Julius. Edman.

A NURSE. An honest and industrious woman, who, hitherto, has gained a livelihood by hard labor, which her constitution does not allow her to continue in future, would be very glad to take in a child or two to nurse. She promises to fulfil the duties of such a charge strictly and conscientiously, on moderate terms. Enquire of Mrs. Sheinberg, Post st.,

next door to the Assembly Hall.

Editorial Change.

Our inaptitude to business transactions induced Mr. Seixes Solomon, six months ago, to join us in our labors, in hopes that his business capacities might aid us materially. However, as circumstances have changed since, Mr. Solomon withdraws his connection with the "GLEA-NER." And at the cessation of his relation, we here return our best thanks to the gentleman for his efforts in our behalf.

EDITOR GLEANER

M. BERNHEIM. (Late of Mercer & Bernheim) Wholesale Confectioner,

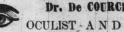
-AND-

IMPORTER OF CONFECTIONERY OF EVERY No. 104 CLAY STREET, Between Sansome and Battery.

Informs his Customers and the Public at large, that he has opened this Establishment, where he has always on hand a large Stock of Stick Candies, Seeds and Almonds, Drops, Lumps, Mottoes, Lozenges, Gum Drops, Ju Jube Paste, French Bon Bons, and every variety of confectionery.—A thorough acquaintance with the business, by a practice of six years, renders him competent to guerantee. six years, renders him competent to guarantee his goods.

Please call No. 104 Clay street, San Francisco. Orders for the country punctually attended to.

EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY. Dr. De COURCILLON,



OCULIST - AND AURIST, 2d BRENHAM PLACE, Head of the Plaza, 3d door from Monumental Engine Ho

SAN FRANCISCO.

COSHER BOARDING. כשר TOEL MINTZ has opened a Cosher Boarding house a
No. 88 Commercial street, between Sansome and Rattery. Goutlemen who wish to partake of a plain, healthy
table, can be accommodated.

WR. B. SIEVERBLAT. Is employed as Shochat by the following butchers:
YALE ABRAHAM. See advertisement
FRANKENHEIMER, do.

E. COLEMAN.

IMPORTER OF Embroideries, Laces, Millinery Goods, Fringes, Ribbons Velvets, Silks, Buttons, Trimmings, Fancy Notions, &c., No. 84 Sacramento street, San Francisco, augl3tf

MEYER STEPPACHER,

Broadway,2d house obove the Synagogue, his on hand several ספרי תורה as also a collection of סליחות, מחזורים, מליחות with English and German translations. Silk and Woollen morb of different qualities as also ישופרות ציצית ומוחות תפילין al3tf

R. JACOBSOHN.

South East corner of Post and Stockton, Has on hand for sale, new ספרי תורח with English and with English German translations, טליתות Woollen silk מזוזות and תפילין ציצית. aug13tf

בית חכנסת על ראש חשנה ויום כפור ELIAS WOLF,

West side of Powell street, between Jackson and Pacific, 3d door above John street, will again open a temporary Synagogue, for the next holidays, for which purpose he has engaged the use of Musical Hall, Bush street.

Tickets may be procured at his residence, and during the day before the Holiday, Sept. 8th and 17th at Musical

He has also תורה to loan.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

TO PARENTS



OUR SCHOOL for the moral and religious training of our children of both sexes, established in July, 1884, is kept at No. 138 Clay street, (2d story.)

ON SATURDAY and SUNDAY, from 10 to 12, A. M. TUESDAY and THURSDAY, from 4 P. M.

The school gives free admittance to all those who desirous of availing themselves of our instruction dependently of pay.

Parents and Guardians are seriously urged not to not the duty incumbent upon them, and the opportunity

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F. HENDERSON, SAN. FRANCISCO.

New Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, BY THE ARRIVAL OF EVERY STEAMER AND CLIPPER.

Offered at the lowest Mark et Prices, to which I invit attention of City and Country Merchants.

-new styles; assorted Blankets; Borth and Bed Blankets ; "York Mills" Cottons ; Blue Denim-assorted; Linen Check and Hickory Shirt "Ashland," Washington" and " Howard" Duck; White and colbred Marseilles Quilts; Brown Drill; Brown Sheeting; assorted colors Flannel; Ballard Vale White Flannel; Bleached and Slate Drills Bed Ticking-assorted; Bleached Shirtings-assorted " Allendale" Sheetings—assorted widths Fine Brown Shirtings: Gray Twilled Flannel. N. B. Orders for the Country promptly supplied.

S W. ROSENSTOCK & PRICE, Importers and Jobbers BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, &c BATTERY STREET.

San Francisco. SIMON & DINKELSPIEL, Importers and Jobbers of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS. HOSIERY, &c. &c.

No. 79 California Street, Corner of Battery and SAN FRANCISCO.

S. SIMON & CO., Importers and Jobber OF

Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Hosiery, &c.,
No. 4 CALIFORNIA STREET. SAN FRANCISCO:

J. J. LABAT K. LABATT. LABATT BROS.,

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Retail Dry Goods Store, No. 162 Sacramento.street, between Montgomery Kearny-streets,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. feb12-G3

HAAS & ROSENFELD,

Yankee Notions, Fancy Goods, Playing Cards, Cutlery, Perfumery, Gold Dust Bags, Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c., No. 86 California_street, between Sansome and Battery

Constantly on hand an assortment of Hart's, Cohen's, Dougherty's, Crehore's and Fisk's Playing Cards. S. HAAS. feb26G.3m

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

EPES ELLERY,

ANTIQUARIAN BOOK STORE 162 Wasington st., above Montgomery,
Offers for sale at low rates, Wholesale and Retail, a great
variety of Books on every subject.

LAW AND MEDICAL; Mechanical, Architectural;

Agricultural, Poetical and Gift Books Liberal, Spiritual; Theological, Bibles, Hymn Books; Prayer Books, School Books; Music and Song Books.

RARE OLD BOOKS;

Periodical; Miscellaneous Books, &c. ; Standard and Minor Drama; Childrens' Books, &c.;

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Stationery, Blank Books, Playing Cards, Sheet Music, 6 cts. a page.

ENGRAVINGS FOR SCRAP BOOKS OR STUDIES. Books bought and exchanged, or loaned. A large stock of Spiritual Books and Clairroyant Medicines; FLOWER OF THE WEST for Fever and Ague. Cultery, Fancy Articles 4cc, Every one is invited to call and examine a mile. DRY GOODS.

105 & 107 Sacramento street.

Embroideries,

HUGHES & WALLACE. Edgings, Laces, HUGHES & WALLACE

Hosiery, Gloves, HUGHES & WALLACE.

Furnishing Goods, HUGHES & WALLACE Yankee Notions,

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HUGHES & WALLACE Ribbons, Flowers, HUGHES & WALLACE. Dress Trimmings, HUGHES & WALLACE

Perfumeries, &c., HUGHES & WALLACE. Bonnets, Flats, &c., HUGHES & WALLACE. Cheap for Cash or approved

Credit. 105 & 107 Sacramento-street.

jan8-G&V3m

DENTISTRY.

JOHN GUNN, SURGEON DENTIST, 117 Montgomery Street.

ADELSDORFER BROTHERS IMPORTERS OF

FANCY GOODS, CUTLERY, PLAYING CARDS, VANKEE NOTIONS, &c. No. 2 Custom House Block,

Corner of Sansome and Sacramento streets,

Corner of Sansome and Sacramento streets,

SAN FRANCISCO.

ADELSDORFER BROTHERS receive regular shipments of
FANCY GOODS, from Europe and New York, and
Sell at the very Lowest Frices.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
Hosiery, Accordeons, Perfumery, Playing Cards, Looking
Glasses, Combs, Brushes, Porte Monniacs, &c.
Together with a Complete assortment of Yankee Notions.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

DRY GOODS. Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c.,

No. 71 California str Receive regular assortments by nearly every clipper as also by steamer, which we offer at the lowest wh

> CHARLES HESS, Dealer and Jobber in

DRY GOODS, Clothing, Yankee Notions, &c.,

Sacramento street, above Battery, (2d floor,)

N. B. All orders from the Country attended to with espatch.

PAINTS Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, BRUSHES, &c. &c.

We are regularly receiving and keep on hand the largest stock in the City, and sell at the LOWEST MARKET RATES.

OLIVER & BUCKLEY

86 & 88 Washington Street, and 87 & 89 ар3 Oregon Street.

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Joseph Frankenheimer, CORNER OF SANSOME, MARKET AND SUTTER STS.

AS ALWAYS ON hand an assortment of Koshes HMEAT, fresh and smoked. SMOKED TONGUES, BEEF and SAUSAGES.

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Clothing! Clothing! Clothing!

For Men, for Boys, and for Children! For all Mankind, including the MILLION!

WHAT CHEER CLOTHING EMPORIUM, 118 Sacramento_street.

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

UNDERRCLOTHING OF ALL KINDS, HANDKERCHIEFS, CRAVATS,

SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, BELTS, &c For sale at New York Auction Prices. Ca I and judge for yourself.

ASHIM BROTHERS,

WM. MEYER & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN Gentlemen's and Boys' Clothing, No. 170 Clay Street. (BETWEEN KEARNY AND MONTGOMERY STREETS,)
jan22-G4m SAN FRANCISCO

A. MILATOVICH,

TAILOR & DRAPER Sacramento st., 2 doors below Kearny, South Side

N. B. Those who favor me may depend upon neatnes durability and despatch mar19-3m

L. KING & BROTHER, Importers and Jobbers of CLOTHING. BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, ETC. No. 71 Battery St bet. Sacramento and Cal. sta SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

> PRASLOW & CO. Importers and Dealers in

FINE CLOTHING, No. 92 California Street,

Receive by every steamer large assortments of every excription of Gentlemen and Boys' Clothing.

Prompt attention paid to all orders.

ap16.3m

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

No. 165 Commercial Street. Below Kearny.
Our Stock contains always the latest European and

merican styles.

Any kind of Hats (both Fur and Silk) made to order.

ja30-3m

THOMAS YOUNG,

Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Furs, Cloaks, Bonnets

Ribbons, Flowers, Parasols, &c., &c., No. 165 Clay_street, (above Montgomery_street,) SAN FRANCISCO. mar12-3m

LOUIS W. NEUSTADTER. HENRY NEUSTADTER. NEUSTADTER BROTHERS, Importers of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, Fancy Goods Yankee, Notions. Cutlery, Perfumery,

&C., &C., Battery-street, Corner of Sacramento BAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,

Office, in New York, No. 72 William street, up stairs.

R. KRAMBACH, Importer and Wholesale and Retail Deale

CROCKERY Glassware, Plated and Britannia Ware Cutlery, Lamps, &c.

No. 140 Clay Street. Between Montgomery and Sansome, opposite Leides dorff Street, apg_3m

S. UHLFELDER. UHLFELDER & CAHN,

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods SAN FRARCISCO. feblg.G6m

L. SIMON,

Importer and Jobber Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Hosiery, &c., No. 95 California-street.

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ADOLPH HIRSCH, IMPORTER AND JOBBER IN China, Glass and Earthenware, Britannia and Plated Ware,

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> L. & E. WERTHEIMER, Importers and Dealers in

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Cigars and Tobacco BY EVERY STEAMER.

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IMPORTERS of German and French
DRY & FANCY GOODS, CIGAN GENUINE AND IMITATION
MEERCHAUM PIPES, ETC. ETC. B!

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HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CEAR CHOICE BRANDS OF CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO. CIGARITOS, MATCHES, SNUFF, PIPES, ETC.
97 Battery street, between Clay and Merchant,
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LATEST BRANDS,

JUST RECEIVED, CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS!

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CAPITAL,.....8600,000

D. N. BARNEY, PRESIDENT. T. M. JANES, TREASURER. DRAW BILLS OF EXCHANGE,

IN SUMS TO SUIT, On all the Cities of the United States and Canada, Union Bank of London,

London; Royal Bank of Ireland, Dublin. Advance on Gold Dust consigned for Assay, and Received Deposits, General and Special.

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To Oregon and Intermediate Points on the Northern
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N B. For the better security of ourselves and the
public, Agents in California, Oregon and Washington Teritories, are furnished with "A ppointments," or Commissions, specifying their powers as our Agents. Such "Appointments" they are required to keep exposed to the
public view in their places of business.

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feb26-6m

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ORES, METALS AND MINERAL WATERS
ANALYZED.

All Business Entrusted to their Care will be Despatched
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Bullion Dealers in the City of New York, have receivslarge amounts of Gold Bars bearing the stamp of "Kelused & Richter "Melloog & Humber" of San
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troorrectrises, having tested their Assays thoroughly,
with in the American and European Mints.
VAN VLECK, READ & DREXEL,
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R. H. VANCE;
by the superiority of his Daguerreotypes and Amore
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THE FIRST PREMIUM
warded by the State Fair of 1836, being the THIRD TIME

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Corner of Sacramento and Montgomery Streets.
To those who wish something new and beautiful, we are purchased the Patent Right for cutting

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Thereby denounce all Pictures taken on glass, in this City or State, and caused Ambrotypes, as "bogus," and a lead upon the public, being a miserable imitation of the studies article.

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We are now executing the finest PHOTOGRAPHS.

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Photographic Views of Buildings, Machinery, &c. &c.,
kac at the shortest notice, and in a superior manner,
if you want a good picture, go to VANCE'S corner of
Sacramento and Montgomery streets,
feb20-3m

DAGUERREAN GALLERY. Corner Washington and Dupont streets.

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R. HENRY BUSHinas, since his several years residence on this city, gained and secured the custom and soldence of not only his countrymen, the German por nof our inhabitaghs, but of the public at large, by his hilly and skill in rendering the most striking likenesses of the country and significant striking likenesses of the country and significant striking and significant striking likenesses.

ry and skill in rendering the most striking likenesses fiferent styles and sizes. is prices, from the moderate sum of \$1 up to \$25, rentit within the reach of almost every body to have a good less taken for his gratification here, or agreeably to rise a loving friend in the Atlantic States, or in Europe.

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AARON VAN VLECK, A U C T I O N E E & .
SALESROOM-Fireproof Building, 61 and 63
California street, near Front.

Sale Days—Wednesdays and Saturdays.

SMILEY BROTHERS & CO., AUCTICNEERS AND COMMIS-SION MERCHANTS. SALESBOOM-S. W. corner of Sacras

SALE DAYS.

MONDAYS—Regular Catalogue Sales (in second story salesroom) of French Goods, Silks, Embroideries, Staple Dry Goods, Fanot Goods, &c.
WEDNESDAYS Regular Catalogue Sales of Boots, AND BROGANS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPE SATURDAYS, BLANKETS ap3

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REGULAR SALE DAYS-Mondays and Thursdays. Regular Sales by Catalogue,

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, CUT-aps LERY, FANCY GOODS, &c.

R. D. W. DAVIS & CO. AUCTIONEERS.

SALE DAYS AT 10 o'clock, A. M.

THE UNDERSIGNED having taken the Fireproof Brick Store on the southwest corner of California and Sansome streets, will continue the Auction and Commission Business, under the name and style of R. D. W. DAVIS & CO. Gratefully acknowledging the favors heretofore extended to him, he respectfully solicits a share of patrunge, ap3

JONES & BENDIXEN,

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Sales Room-Fire Proof Buildings, Nos 61 and 63 Cali-fornia_street -Sale Days Tuesdays and Thursdays

Consignments of Groceries. Provisions, Liquors, Wines, Cigars and General Merchandize received and promptly attended to.

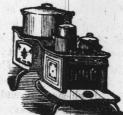
Mess's, J. & B., while gratefully acknowledging the favors heretofore extended to them, expect, from their experience and attention to their business, to deserve an increased continuance of patronage from their friends and the public for the future.

DE RO & ELDRIDGE. Wholesale Grocery and Merchandize Auction House,

Nos. 43 and 45 California Street, Sale Days-Mondays and Thursdays.

Consignors may depend upon proper attention being bestowed to their interests, and sales rendered promptly, feb26. G3m

M. MORITZ & CO., Importer and Dealer in Stoves,



MANUFACTURERS

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares, &c., &c.,

146 Clay Street, San Francisco

N. B. All kinds of Jobbing done at the shortest notice. feblg-G6m

CHARLES MERCER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL STEAM

CANDY MANUFACTURER,
No. 136 Kearny Street,
Factory, ... Second street, below Minna.

HAVING COMPLETED HIS NEW
Factory, and introduced Steam into the manufacture
of Refined Candies, Messrs. M. & B. would respectfully
call the attention of the public and the trade to the magnificent stock of Confectionery he can now offer, manufactured expressiy for the Canfornia and Pacific trade. Having
been practically engaged in the business in this city the
past five years, he is enabled
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In addition to the usual variety of Stick and Lump Candy,
is can supply Comfitures, flavored equal to the Fiench,
Car. y Toys, Gum drops, Imitation Fruit. in fact, every
variet of Confectionery the art has produced.

M. Ohrs. Mercer would request an inspection of their
stock previcus to purchasing eisewhere, as he feels satisfied they can suit the wants of the most fastidious.

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IMPORTER AND WHOLES ALE D DIAMONDS, JEWELRY WATCHES,

AND GOLD PENS, SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

CLOCKS, TOOLS, WATCH MATERIALS, GLASSES,

FANCY GOODS, ETC., 171 Washington-street, up-stairs, between Montgomery and Kearny-streets.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Country orders promptly attended to, and general comssions executed.

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ISAAC S. JOSEPHI, Importer and Wholesale Dealer

WATCHES, JEWELRY, DIAMONDS,

GOLD PENS SILVER AND PLATED WARE, Clocks, Tools, Watch Materials, Glasses, Fancy Goods, etc., 177, WASHINGTON STREET.

6 M. M. LEWIS, WATCH & JEWELRY STOKE, No. 183 CLAY STREET.

HAS a large and desirable assortment of every description of JEWELRY, WATCHES, of the best manufacturers, QDARTZ JEWELRY and DIAMOND WORK, at most reasonable prices.

Diamond and Specimen Work manufactures to order, by skilful workmen.

No connection with any other house
Don't forget the number, 183 CLAY STREET, between Montgomery and Keamy sts., opposite Court Block.

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JOHN W. TUCKER. IMPORTER OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WATCHES. DIAMONDS.

Jewelry and Silver Plated Ware.

QUARTZ WORK OF ALL KINDS ON HAND.
Watches repaired with care and warranted No. 125 Montgomery Street,

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Persons in the Interior destrous of purchasteg articles of Jewelry, by forwarding a description, accompanied by the cash, can obtain them, and depend on their being of the best quality, and selected with care; and there is little doubt that this mode will prove as satisfactory to the jurchasers as it the articles had been selected under their own supervision. feb 8-3m

BRAVERMAN & LEVY. WATCH MAKERS,

JEW DIERS, No. 167 Washington Street,

AVE Constantly on hand a large and beautiful assortment of FINE WATCHES,

JEWELRY, QUARTZ WORK, ETC. In Silver Ware,

We always keep a well selected stock of such articles as Sllver Knives, Forks and Spoons;

— silver candicaticks; silver cake baskets,
Silver waiters, silver cutsors, silver cups,
silver napkin rings, &c. &c.

Also—Silver Plated Ware, which we offer or sale at
very low prices.

H. BIEN, Dealer in Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry, Si-ver and Plated Ware, Gold and Silver Pens, Cutlery, Spec-tacles, &c., 309 Stockton.street, (Virginia Block,) San

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N. B. Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired and feb25.64m

The Old Established Pawnbroker.

\$25,000 TO LOAN.

MYERS,

In the Fire-Proof Brick Building, No. 182 Kearny-street, adjoining the Verandah.

Takes this method to inform his various customers that he is now prepared to make advances on all descriptions of Merchandize, including Furniture, Pianos, and all kinds of Instruments etc.

Merchandize, including Furniture, Pianos, and all kinds of Instruments, etc.

Has constantly on hand, and for sale, Forfeited Pledges of all descriptions, such as Gold and Silver Watches, Dia-monds and Jewery of all kinds, Pis ols, Clothing, Instru-ments, &cc.

PHYSICIANS, DENTISTS, &c.

C. C. KNOWLES, DENTIST

Manufacturer of Mineral 'seeth,

Block Works
Has removed to No. 166 Clay Street,

SAN FRANCISCO. Business hours from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

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Having returned to the city, will resume the practice of his paofession, at his offlice, 161 Montgomery street opposite Montgomery Block.

DR. H. AUSTIN, SURGEON DENTIST,

182 WASHINGTON STREET, Prices greatly reduced.

ADVICE GRATIS.

A Card.

Parties who wish to save their teeth or to have new ones inserted, are politely requested to call on Dr. Burbank, second floor of the Express Building, corner of Montgomery and California streets. Dr. B. is prepared to undertake any mechanical or medical operation relative to dentistry. Teeth are extracted, plugged, and whole sets made to order. Ladies and gentlemen whom this Cardmay inferest, may satisfy themselves as to the dental skill of Dr. B., by inspecting specimens of his work. Parties who wish to save their teeth

ROBERT SANDER & CO. APOTHECARIES,

CALIFORNIA STREET, Iontgomery, Opposite the Express B

Prescriptions invariably prepared personally by Mr. Sander, whose experience is well established.

feb5-G&V3m

CARL PRECHT, Dr. Med. Chir. and Accoucheur. Office hours from 7 to 11 o'clock, A. M. 223 Dupont street, near to Washington

DR. J. REGENSBURGER. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
NO. 128 STOCKTGN STREET.
Between Clay and Washington streets,
San Francisco.

ALBERT KUNER

SEAL ENGRAVER AND DIE SINKER, 167 Washington Street, San Francisco.

NOTARIAL SEALS, as prescribed by the law of 1883. Masonic and Official Seals of every description. Ornamental Engraving and Marking at the shortest notice, and at reasonable prices.

STENCIL PLATES CUT TO ORDER. J. T. PIDWELL, Wholesale and Retail F-U.R.N.I.T.U.R.E D.E.A.L.E.R. No. 140, North side of Washington street, SAN FRANCISCO.

Bedding, Mattresses, Palliasses, Feather and Hair Bolsters, Pillows, etc.

Orders from Country Dealers and others, particularly attended to.

TO FAMILIES!

GROCERIES OF FIRST QUALITY,

at the well known old WASHINGTON GROCERY, NO. 137 WASHINGTON STREET.

This well known store has, from the quality of goods and the fairness of the prices, gained too good a reputation to require any further self-recommendation. The proprietor, theretoo good a reputation to require any turner self-recommendation. The proprietor, therefore, only desires to bring to notice, that he has on hand an excellent assortment of German and English articles appertaining to his line, as: Dried Fruit, Pulse, Oatmeal, etc. (frish ground here) Pickles and Preserves; Delictous Dutch Herrings, all of which he is ready to dispose of. ready to dispose of,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

at moderate prices.

j11-3m.

Religious Instruction.

Ws would inform parents and guardians that our Sch for Religious Instruction, which circumstances compel os to suspend during the holidays, will be resumed on the usual days and hours: namely, Saturdays and Sundays, a ursdays, at 4 o'clock. 10% o'clock; Tuesdays and Th

Rooms, 133 Clay street (No. 6&7.)

How few are our Wants.

Diogenes walked on a day, with his friend, to see a country fair, where he saw ribands, and looking glasses, and nut-crackers, and fiddles, and hobby-horses, and many other gim-cracks; and having observed them, and all the other finnimbrums that make a complete country fair, he said to his friend, "How many things there are in this world, of which Diogenes nath no need!" And truly it is so, or might be so, with very many who vex and toil themselves to get what they have no need of. Can any man charge God that he hath not given him enough to make his life happy? No, doubtless, for nature is content with a little: and yet you shall hardly meet with a man that complains not of some want; and thus, when we might be happy and quiet, we create trouble to ourselves. I have heard of a man that was angry with himself, because he was no taller, and of a woman, that broke her looking-glass, because it would not show her face to be as young and handsome as her next neighbour's was. And I knew another, to whom God had given health, and plenty, but a wife that nature had made peevish, and her husband's riches had made purse-proud, and must, because she was rich, and for no other virtue, sit in the highest pew in the church; which, being denied her, she engaged her husband into a contention for it; and at last, into a law-suit with a dogged neighbour, who was as rich as he, and had a wife as peevish and purse-proud as the other; and this law suit begot higher oppositions, and actionable words, and more vexations and law-suits; for you must remember that both were rich, and must therefore have their wills. Well, this wilful, purse-proud law-suit, lasted during the life of the first husband: after which his wife vexed and chid, and chid and vexed, till she also chid and vexed herself into the grave: and so the wealth of these poor rich people was curst into a punishment, because they wanted meek and thankful hearts, for those only can make us happy.

ATTENTIONS IN TRIFLES.—If people would but consider how possible it is to inflict pain and perpetrate wrong, without any positive intention of doing either, but merely from circumstances arising thro' inadvertence, want of sympathy, or an incapability of a mutual understanding how much acrimony might be spared! half the quarrels that embittered wedded life, and half the separations that spring from them, are produced by the parties misunderstanding each other's peculiarities, and not studying and making allowance for them. Hence, unintentional omissions of attention are viewed as inintended slights, and as such are resented; these indications of resentment for an unknown offence appear an injury to the unconscious offender, who, in turn, widens the breach of affection by some display of petulence or indifference, but not unfrequently irritates the first wound inflicted, until it becomes incurable. In this man-ner often arises the final separation of persons who might, had they more accurately examined each other's hearts and dispositions have lived happily together. -Lady Blessington.

WONDERS OF NATURE.—The threads of the minutest spiders are so fine, that 4,000,000 of them would be required to make up a single hair of the human head. The compound or common thread of the spider is made up of about 40,000 smaler threads.

TO PARENTS.

TEETHING .- Some cases that came lately to our notice, render it desirable to give the following hints to parents:

"When a child is suffering from the process of cutting teeth, it is generally in a state of fever, and requires a cooling regimen. All cooling or sleeping drops should be carefully avoided, lest inflammation of the brain be brought on. All animal food should be withheld. Objection to lancing the gums ought never to be made: the supposition that they are hardened by the operation is erroneous. The greatest advantage generally accrues from it, and frequently the life of the child is saved by it. A great error is also committed in not attending to the bowel complaints that frequently accompany the process; and a still greater one in attributing to this cause other diseases, themselves dangerous, and thus neglecting them at a time when they might be cured, until they become alarming or are beyond the reach of medical aid.

FILIAL PIETY.—During an eruption of Mount Etna, the inhabitants of the adjacent country were obliged for safety to abandon their homes, and retire to a great distance. Amidst the hurry and confu sion of the scene, whilst every one was carrying away whatever he deemed most precious, two sons, in the height of their solicitude to preserve their wealth and goods, recollected that their father and mother, who were both very old, were unable to save themselves by flight. Filial tenderness set aside every other consideration. "Where," cried the genrous youths," "shall we find a more precious treasure than those who gave us being?" This said, the one took up his father on his shoulders, and the other his mother, and they thus made their way through the surrounding smoke and flames. The deed struck all beholders with admiration; and ever since, the path they took in their retreat has been called "the Field of the Pious," in memory of this pleasing incident.

CHINESE MAP OF THE WORLD .- Among the articles brought from China by the French Commission, from that country, is a map of the world, presented to the Commissioners by the head mandarin of Canton. The Chinese geographer has arranged the world in quite his own way. With him there are no isthmuses, no peninsulas; the isthmus of Suez is replaced by a magnificent arm of the sea, which detaches itself from the Mediterranean to fall into the Red Sea! We see nothing of the isthmus of Panama, and the two seas of that side are connected in the same way. There are neither Pyranees nor Alps, and hardly are the vast mountains of America indicated. On the other hand, however, China is liberally dealt with by the geographer, for on this point, it occupies not less than three quarters of our whole globe .- New York Albion.

THE FAST DAY .- A gentleman who employs a great number of hands in a manufactory in the west of England, in order to encourage his work-people in a due attendance at church, on a fast day, told them, that if they went to church they would receive their wages for that day, in the same marmer as if they had been at work. Upon which, a deputation was appointed to acquaint their employer, that if he would pay them for over hours, they would attend likewise at the Methodest chapel in the evening!"

FASHION.—There is nothing so absurd or unreasonable in itself, as may not be reconciled to our minds by the magic influence of fashion; while, on the other hand, there is nothing so reasonable as may not become ridiculous, if it receive not the sanction of the same omnipotent chief.

FESTIVALS.

The Festival of Rosh Hashanah, will be celebrated this year on Thursday and Friday, the 9th and 10th of September.

יום כפור Yom Kippur, (Day of Atonement,) on Saturday, the 18thof So I

The Festival of Tabernacles first and second day, Thursday and Fri, day, the 23d and 24th of September.

סעררת on the 30th. on the 1st of October.

Synagogue Emanuel.

SEATS TO RENT .- The sale of seats of the Synagogue Emanuel, for the ensuing year, will take place at the Synagogue, on Broadway Sunday next, the 22d of August, at 10 o'clo ck By order of the Board.

B. RAGAN, Secretary.

SEATS.

CONGREGATION SHE-ARITH ISRAEL.-Notice is hereby given, that Mr. A. B. Ephraim is appointed to dispose of the seats of the Synagogue, She-arith, on Stockton street. Parties who wish to engage seats for the next holidays may apply at his office, at Messrs. L. King & Bro., 71 Battery st., every day, except Saturday and Sunday, from 10 A. M., to

SUNDAY, at the basement of the Synagogue, from 10 to 12 A. M.

mire Trail.

In this city on the 17th, the wife of H. Ickelheimer, of a son.

Chebrath Bikur Cholim Ukodsha.

This society will hold its regular meetings at the Hall of the Sons of Temperance, on Washington street, between Montgomery and Sansome, every second Sunday in each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. precisely.

L. King, President.

SIMON CRANER, Secretary.

THANKS .- The "GLEANER" is under many obligations to the press in general for the favorable treatment he received from its representatives. He here returns his thanks to those city papers who gave him a special kind reception at his re appearance. Perhaps a return of a similar attention might have been expected from him to a weekly which experienced a similar process to that of the "GLEANER." But he thought where (temporal) "death is swallowed by victory," the momentary suspension of animation may well pass without notice.

"GLEANER" FOR THE ATLANTIC STATES. -Parties who are desirous to send the "Gleaner" to their friends in the Eastern States, need but pay three dollars a year, and the paper will be forwarded from this office. To England and Canada, on account of the double postage, it is \$4 per annum; to Germany, \$6.

Postage on the "Gleaner" within the State of California, 12 1-2 cents a year.

FAVORS .- Our thanks to Mr. B. Mayer of Sonora, for kindly forwarding to us a list of subscribers gotten through his efforts, with remittance of payments in advance.

We refer our readers to the special notice

COLLECTION FOR THE "GLEANER" With No. 28, we close another month and collections will be made next week,

Payments.

NEVADA.—Mr. Geo. W. Weich, Agt. Petaluma.—Messrs. Bernheim & Co. to date and in advance, to Vol. III. CAMPO SECO.-Mr. Waughenheim Sonora.-Mr. B. Mayer.

MARTINEZ.—Messrs, Blum & Bro. GRASS VALLEY .- Mr. T. Goldsmith, i part in advance.

OAKLAND .- Mr. R. Heyman, in ad vance to Vol. III.

GENTS. FURNISHING GOODS. FRIEDLANDER & CO.,

90 California street., Has constantly in store the most splendld as fashionable Gents Furnishing Good's of every Shirts, Collars, Scarfs, Fies, Oravats, Doeskin a Gloves; India Rabber Clothing and Staple Silk Handkerchiefs, Suspenders and Hosiery, ber Clothing, Silk and Weollen under garments

Information Wanted.

If any of our readers can give us infor mation of the native place of Mr. Louis VANE, or of any friends or relatives of his in this State, or the Union, we shall feel obliged to such informations,

NEW YORK HOTEL

CORNER OF BATTERY & COMMERCIAL ST

BACHMAN. Proprieter.

This hotel has been recently thoroughly novated, and fitted up in a style equal to a similar establishment. It has been for an time past the permanent residence of se families, and our endeavors shall ever be heretofore, to imbue it with all the comfort a HOME. The table is well supplied with e delicacy. The house is open at all hours coach will always be in attendance to come guests from and to the boats.

Our terms are reasonable. BACHMAN.

JAMES HAYES.



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Those who favor us with orders may retuen our prompt execution of the same a strict compliant to the quality ordered.

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Those desirous of co op a choir for the Congregati on A. Godenat heir address to 1m4.2w

Ophir Lodge, No. 21, I. O. B. B.,

Meets every Wednesday Evening, at 7 o'clock, perance Hall, Washington street. Members of the M. B. ASHIM, President.

SEATS AT THE SYNAGOGUE TO REN of this purpose, in our columns.

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